

according to Regulation (EU) nr. 1907/2006

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**1.1. Product identifier**

Product name Capecitabine

Product code 04 4111 2

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use - pharmaceutical active substance (cytostatic)

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company information

Enquiries:
F. Hoffmann-La Roche AG
Postfach
CH-4070 Basel
Switzerland

Local representation:

Phone +41-61/688 54 80
Fax +41-61/681 72 76
E-Mail info.sds@roche.com**1.4. Emergency telephone number**

Emergency telephone number Phone +41-61/688 54 80

Capecitabine

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. / 2.2. Classification of the substance or mixture / Label elements

GHS Classification

Health Hazards:

- 3.5 Germ cell mutagenicity (Category 2)
H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.
- 3.6 Carcinogenicity (Category 1B)
H350 May cause cancer.
- 3.7 Reproductive toxicity (Category 1B)
H360D May damage the unborn child.
- 3.7 Reproductive toxicity (Category 1B)
H360F May damage fertility.

Signalword: Danger

Label:



Precautionary statements:

- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P260 Do not breathe dust
- P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.
- P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

2.3. Other hazards

Note

- Cytostatics in general have to be classified as potentially carcinogenic, teratogenic and mutagenic. During handling any occupational exposure as well as environmental contamination have to be avoided.
- HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.
- may form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Characterization

pharmaceutical active substance in the group of fluorinated cytosines

Chemical name

- 5'-Deoxy-5-fluoro-N4-pentyloxycarbonyl-cytidine

Synonyms

- XELODA
- NeoFurtulon successor
- N-[1-(5-Deoxy-β-D-ribofuranosyl)-5-fluoro-1,2-dihydro-2-oxo-4-pyrimidinyl]-n-pentyl carbamate

CAS number

154361-50-9

Roche number

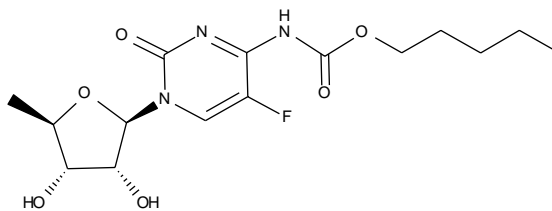
RO0091978-000

Empirical formula

C₁₅H₂₂FN₃O₆

Capecitabine

Molecular mass 359.34 g/mol



SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

- | | |
|--------------|---|
| Eye contact | <ul style="list-style-type: none">- rinse immediately with tap water for at least 20 minutes - open eyelids forcibly- consult a physician if irritation persists |
| Skin contact | <ul style="list-style-type: none">- remove immediately contaminated clothes, wash affected skin with water and soap - do not use any solvents- consult a physician if skin irritation persists |
| Inhalation | <ul style="list-style-type: none">- remove the casualty to fresh air and keep him/her calm- get medical treatment |
| Ingestion | <ul style="list-style-type: none">- summon a physician immediately- let drink repeatedly plenty of water and induce vomiting (only if conscious), repeat several times |

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- | | |
|------|--|
| Note | <ul style="list-style-type: none">- no information available |
|------|--|

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- | | |
|-------------------|---|
| Note to physician | <ul style="list-style-type: none">- treat symptomatically- in case of accidental exposure, keep a sample of urine in order to determine the content of fluoro-β-alanine |
|-------------------|---|

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

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|------------------------------|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media | <ul style="list-style-type: none">- water spray jet, dry powder, foam, carbon dioxide |
|------------------------------|---|

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- | | |
|------------------|--|
| Specific hazards | <ul style="list-style-type: none">- very high probability of ignition of dust whirled up- formation of toxic and corrosive combustion gases (hydrogen fluoride, nitrogen oxides) possible |
|------------------|--|

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5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Protection of fire-fighters
- precipitate gases/vapours/mists with water spray
 - use self-contained breathing apparatus
 - avoid skin contact

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- Personal precautions
- avoid exposure

6.2. Environmental precautions

- Environmental protection
- avoid release to the environment
 - if the substance reaches waters or the sewer system, inform the competent authority

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Methods for cleaning up
- collect spilled material (avoid dust formation) and hand over to waste removal in sealed containers
 - clean floors and contaminated objects with plenty of water
 - collect spilled solutions with inert adsorbent and hand over to waste removal

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Technical measures
- connect conductive pieces of equipment, products and packaging to earth
 - avoid electric charging of dust clouds
 - handling under inert conditions
 - avoid dust formation; very high dust explosion hazard

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Storage conditions
- below 30 °C
 - with a desiccant
- Validity
- see expiry date on the label
 - 24 months, < 30 °C, with a desiccant
- Packaging materials
- tightly closing; material: stainless steel, aluminium

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Threshold value (Roche) air - IOEL (Internal Occupational Exposure Limit): 0.01 mg/m³ (defined as 8-hour time-weighted average)

8.2. Exposure controls

General protective and hygiene measures - instruction of employees mandatory
- shower after work recommended

Respiratory protection - in case of open handling or accidental release:
particle mask or respirator with independent air supply
- Respiratory protection is recommended for dusty operations.

Hand protection - protective gloves (eg made of neoprene, nitrile or butyl rubber)

Eye protection - safety glasses

Body protection - protective clothing
- connect persons to earth by means of conductive shoes and conductive floor

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Colour white to light yellow

Form powder

Odour odourless

Solubility 26'000 mg/l, water (20 °C)
207'000 mg/l, ethanol (20 °C)
> 40 %, methanol
11.8 %, acetonitrile
> 59 %, dimethyl formamide
2.5 %, ethyl acetate

Partition coefficient log P_{ow} ~ 4.5 (n-octanol/water) pH 7.4

Melting temperature 116 to 117 °C

9.2. Other information

Bulk density ~ 450 kg/m³

Dissociation constant pK₁ 8.8 (acidic group(s))

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Note - no information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability - stable under the conditions mentioned in chapter 7

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Note - no information available

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid - temperatures above 100 °C (decomposition)

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid - strong acids (hydrolysis)

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Note - no information available

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - LD₅₀ > 2'000 mg/kg (oral, rat)

Subchronic toxicity - high doses may damage proliferating cells (e.g., bone marrow, leukocytes)

Local effects - no information available

Sensitization - slightly sensitizing (several species)

Mutagenicity - may cause mutations in vitro (clastogenic effect in lymphocytes)
- lymphocyte test; evidence of clastogenicity

Carcinogenicity - no information available

Reproductive toxicity - suspected to be teratogenic and to lower parental fertility
- decreased weight of testis and epididymis, decrease and degeneration of spermatocytes and spermatids (760 mg/kg/d; oral, mouse, male)
- reduced mating ability and fertility rate (760 mg/kg/d; oral, mouse, female)

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STOT-single exposure	- no information available
STOT-repeated exposure	- no information available
Aspiration hazard	- no information available
Note	- may cause diarrhoea, nausea, vomiting, loss of appetite, irritation of mucous membranes and alteration of the haemopoietic system (leukopenia) in dependence of the dose - cytostatics are potentially carcinogenic

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity	- barely toxic for algae (<i>Selenastrum capricornutum</i>) EbC ₅₀ (72 h) 58 mg/l ErC ₅₀ (72 h) 200 mg/l NOEC (72 h) 14 mg/l (OECD No. 201) - barely toxic for planktonic crustaceans (<i>Daphnia magna</i>) EC ₅₀ (48 h) > 850 mg/l NOEC (48 h) 500 mg/l - barely toxic for fish (rainbow trout) LC ₅₀ (96 h) > 867 mg/l NOEC (96 h) 867 mg/l - barely inhibitory on aerobic bacterial respiration EC ₅₀ > 1000 mg/l (Activated Sludge Respir. Inhib. Test, OECD No. 209)
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12.2. Persistence and degradability

Inherent biodegradability	- inherently biodegradable evidence for prior abiotic primary degradation as a rate-limiting process 29 %, 28 d 44 %, 56 d 55 %, 84 d (MITI Test II, OECD No. 302 C)
Abiotic degradation	- slow degradation, probably ester hydrolysis 30 mg/l; HPLC t _{1/2} ~ 21 d, ~ 22 °C, pH ~ 7 - rapid degradation only at very acidic pH 1000 mg/l, water; HPLC t _{1/2} ≥ 60 h, ~ 22 °C, pH 2 t _{1/2} ~ 6 h, ~ 22 °C, pH 1 t _{1/2} < 2 h, ~ 22 °C, pH 0.5 t _{1/2} ~ 1 h, 30 °C, pH 0.5

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Note	- no information available
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12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility - medium adsorption to activated sludge, medium mobility (water-activated sludge, 3 h)
 $K_d = 272 \text{ l/kg}$ (activated sludge)
(Adsorption to activated sludge in biodegradability test)

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Note - no information available

12.6. Other adverse effects

Note - strictly avoid contamination of the environment

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues - observe local/national regulations regarding waste disposal
- incinerate in qualified installation with flue gas scrubbing

SECTION 14: Transport information

Note - not classified as Dangerous Good according to the Dangerous Goods Regulations

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Water hazard class (Germany) 3: strongly hazardous for water (own classification according to directive VwVwS of 27.07.2005)

SECTION 16: Other information

Safety-lab number - BS-6606
- BS-8569

Edition documentation - changes from previous version in sections 2

The information in this safety data sheet is based on current scientific knowledge. It should not be taken as expressing or implying any warranty concerning product characteristics.